## **Colchester Borough Council**

## **Equality Impact Assessment Form - An Analysis of the Effects on Equality**

Section 1: Initial Equality Impact Assessment

Name of policy/ decision to be assessed:

- Commercial Property Management
- 1. What is the main purpose of the policy/ options report?
  - To manage the Council's commercial property portfolio in accordance with good estate management practice, RICS codes of practice and strategic objectives of the Council within the statutory framework.
  - To maximise capital and revenue income.
- 2. What main areas or activities does it cover?
  - Rent reviews, lease renewals, valuations, marketing and new lease arrangements.
- 3. Are there changes to an existing policy being considered in this assessment? If so what are they?
  - No
- 4. Who are the main audience, users or customers who will be affected by the policy?
  - Internal customers, agents, current and prospective tenants, landlords and community groups.

- 5. What outcomes do you want to achieve from the policy?
  - Maintenance of asset values and maximisation of income and community benefit.
- 6. Are other service areas or partner agencies involved in delivery? If so, please give details below:
  - Legal and planning services.
- 7. Are you aware of any relevant information, data, surveys or consultations<sup>1</sup> which help us to assess the likely or actual impact of the policy upon customers or staff?

If so provide details and include a link to the document or source where available.

- No
- 8. The 'general duty' states that we must have "due regard" to the need to:
- (a) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation
- (b) advance equality of opportunity between people who share a 'protected characteristic2' and those who do not3
- (c) foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not<sup>4</sup>

Not all policies help us to meet the 'general duty', but most do.

<sup>1</sup>Click on <u>surveys or consultations</u> for more information. The Council's surveys and consultations include 'equality monitoring information' to help us identify any particular concerns or views expressed by any particular group or 'protected characteristic'. It can also help us to assess how representative of our customers the respondent group is. Local Data on the Protected Characteristics is available on this page of the Hub.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Equality Act's `protected characteristics' include age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief and sex and sexual orientation. It also covers marriage and civil partnerships, but not for all aspects of the duty.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This involves having due regard, in particular, to the need to: (a) remove or minimise disadvantages suffered by persons who share a protected characteristic that are connected to that characteristic; (b) take steps to meet the needs of persons who share a relevant protected characteristic that are different from the needs of persons who do not share it, and (c) encourage persons who share a relevant protected characteristic to participate in public life or in any other activity in which participation by such persons is disproportionately low.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> This involves having due regard, in particular, to the need to (a) tackle prejudice, and (b) promote understanding.

Where applicable, explain how this policy helps us to meet the 'general duty':

The policy helps us to 'eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation' in the following way(s):

N/A

The policy helps us to 'advance equality of opportunity...' in the following way(s):

• By having clear marketing and lease documents, free from jargon.

The policy helps us to 'foster good relations...' in the following way(s):

- N/A
- 9. This section helps us to identify any disproportionate impacts. Please indicate in the table below whether the policy is likely to particularly benefit or disadvantage any of the 'protected characteristics'.

Remember to include reference to any relevant consultation, data or information.

'Protected characteristic'		Positive Impact	Explain how it could particularly benefit the group	Negative Impact	Explain how it could particularly disadvantage the group
group					
Age	Older people (60+)	No		No	
	Younger people (17- 25) and children (0-16)	No		No	
Disability	Physical	No		No	
,	Sensory	Yes	Access to clear marketing particulars and lease documents	No	
	Learning	No		No	
	Mental health issues	No		No	
	Other – specify	No		No	

'Protected characteristic'		Positive Impact	Explain how it could particularly benefit the group	Negative Impact	Explain how it could particularly disadvantage the group
group	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	NI-		NI-	
Ethnicity <sup>5</sup>	White	No		No	
	Black	No		No	
	Chinese	No		No	
	Mixed Ethnic Origin	No		No	
	Gypsies/ Travellers	No		No	
	Other – please state	No		No	
Language	English not first		Access to clear marketing particulars		
	language	Yes	and lease documents	No	
Pregnancy and	Women who are	No		No	
Maternity	pregnant or have				
,	given birth in last 26				
	weeks				
Religion or	People with a	No		No	
Belief	religious belief (or				
	none)				
Sex	Men	No		No	
	Women	No		No	
		No		No	
Gender	Transgender/				
Reassignment <sup>6</sup>	Transsexual				
Sexual	Bisexual,	No		No	
Orientation	Heterosexual,				
	Gay or Lesbian				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> National Census 2011 categories are: Bangladeshi, Indian, Pakistani, Other Asian (Asian or Asian British), African, Caribbean, Other Black (Black or Black British), White and Black African, White and Asian, White and Black Caribbean (Mixed), British, Irish, Other White (White), Chinese, Other (Other Ethnic Group).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The protected characteristic of gender reassignment is defined by the Equality Act 2010 as "a person proposing to undergo, is undergoing or has undergone a process (or part of a process) for the purpose of reassigning the person's sex by changing physiological or other attributes of sex." This is a personal process that may involve medical interventions such as counselling, psychotherapy, hormone therapy or surgery, but does not have to. NB: It is generally held that transgender people disguise their features or clothing to resemble their preferred sex, whereas transsexual people wish to change their body to completely resemble their preferred sex.

'Protected characteristic' group		Positive Impact	Explain how it could particularly benefit the group	Negative Impact	Explain how it could particularly disadvantage the group
Marriage and Civil Partnership	People who are married or in a civil partnership	No		No	

10. If you have identified any negative impacts (above) how can they be minimised or removed?

(This is a key section: Please deal with each negative impact noted above in turn.)

- N/A
- 11. Could the policy discriminate<sup>7</sup> against any 'protected characteristic', either directly or indirectly<sup>8</sup>?

(Please read the footnotes below before completing this section.)

No

## **Summary and findings of Initial Equality Impact Assessment**

12. Please put a tick in the relevant box to confirm your findings, and what the next step is:

Findings	Action required
No negative impacts have been identified $\sqrt{}$	Sign off screening and finish.
Negative impacts have been identified but have been minimised or removed □	Sign off screening and finish.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The Council has a general duty to 'eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation'. Direct discrimination occurs when a person is treated less favourably than another in a comparable situation because of their 'protected characteristic' whether on grounds of age, disability, pregnancy and maternity, ethnicity; religion or belief; sex (gender), sexual orientation, or marriage and civil partnership. Indirect discrimination occurs when an apparently neutral provision or practice would nevertheless disadvantage people on the grounds of their 'protected characteristic'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> If you answer 'yes' to question 11 (above) you will need to complete this section *and* go on to complete Section 2 in order to conduct a full Equality Impact Assessment.

Negative impacts could not be minimised or removed □	Sign off screening and complete a full impact assessment – Section 2.
There is insufficient evidence to make a judgement. □	Sign off screening and complete a full impact assessment – Section 2.

- 13. Name and job title of person completing this form:
  - Elizabeth Simpson Estates Manager
- 14. Date of completion:
  - 19/03/2018
- 15. Date for update or review of this screening:
  - 19/03/2021