

Colchester Borough Council

Equality Impact Assessment Form - An Analysis of the Effects on Equality

Section 1: screening stage

Name of policy, service or strategy to be assessed:

- Recycled materials contract.

1. What is the main purpose of the policy, service or strategy?

- To secure a contract with an external provider to handle, transport and process recycled materials in the borough.

2. What main areas or activities does it cover?

- Recycled materials processing and management

3. Who are the main audience, users or customers who will be affected?

- The service will operate as normal for residents, but all households will be affected by the decision. Staff that currently directly work for the council will be taken over by the external provider.

4. What outcomes do you want to achieve from the policy, service or strategy?

- Better value for money, smooth transitional process. The delivery will contribute towards the strategic aim to reduce, reuse and recycle.

5. Are other service areas or partner agencies involved in delivery? If so, please give details below:

- A new contractor as decided will be delivering the service.

6. Does the policy, service or strategy help to further or facilitate to our 'general duty'¹ to:

- (a) eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation?
- (b) advance equality of opportunity between people who share a 'protected characteristic'² and those who do not?
- (c) foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not?

- No

If you have answered 'no', please give details of the reasons for this decision:

- The strategy will apply a borough wide delivery model, but not change access as it is currently, or target specific residents.

7. If you answered 'yes' to any of the sections in Question 6 (above), please complete the following in order to identify how the policy, practice or strategy furthers the aim of the 'general duty':

'Protected characteristic' group		How does it help to 'eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation'?	How does it help to 'advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not'?	How does it help to 'foster good relations between those who share a protected characteristic and those who do not'?
Age	Older people (60+)			
	Younger people (17-25) and children (0-16)			
Disability	Physical			
	Sensory			
	Learning			
	Mental health issues			
	Other – <i>please specify</i>			
Ethnicity ³	White			

¹ these 3 points summarise the 'general duty' as it applies to public sector organisations in the Equality Act 2010

² The Equality Act's 'protected characteristics' include age, disability, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief and sex and sexual orientation. It also covers marriage and civil partnerships, but not for all aspects of the duty.

³ Census 2011 categories are: Bangladeshi, Indian, Pakistani, Other Asian (Asian or Asian British); African, Caribbean, Other Black (Black or Black British); White and Black African, White and Asian, White and Black Caribbean (Mixed); British, Irish; Other White (White); Chinese, Other (Other ethnic group).

'Protected characteristic' group		How does it help to 'eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation'?	How does it help to 'advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not'?	How does it help to 'foster good relations between those who share a protected characteristic and those who do not'?
	Black			
	Chinese			
	Mixed Ethnic Origin			
	Gypsies/ Travellers			
	Other – <i>please state</i>			
Language	English not first language			
Pregnancy and Maternity	Women who are pregnant or have given birth in last 26 weeks			
Religion or Belief	People with a religious belief (or none) ⁴			
Sex	Men			
	Women			
	Transsexual / gender reassignment			
Sexual Orientation	Lesbian, gay and bisexual			
Marriage and Civil Partnership ⁵	People who are single, married or in a civil partnership		not applicable	not applicable

⁴ For example, Buddhist, Christian, Hindu, Jewish, Muslim, Sikh or no religious belief.

⁵ Our legal duty in respect of 'marriage or civil partnership' extends only to the need to eliminate unlawful discrimination.

8. Are there any concerns that the policy, service or strategy could have a differential impact in terms of equality?

- No

Please use the table below to indicate how the policy, service or strategy could have a positive or negative effect on any of the following equality groups (known under the Equality Act as ‘protected characteristics’). Include reference to any consultation, data or information that you have used in making this assessment about positive or negative effects.

‘Protected characteristic’ group		Positive Impact	Explain how it could benefit the group	Negative Impact	Explain how it could disadvantage the group
Age	Older people (60+)	√	Special collections will still operate, to increase ease of access		
	Younger people (17-25) and children (0-16)				
Disability	Physical	√	Special collections will still operate, to increase ease of access		
	Sensory				
	Learning				
	Mental health issues				
	Other – <i>please specify</i>				
Ethnicity	White				
	Black				
	Chinese				
	Mixed Ethnic Origin				
	Gypsies/ Travellers				
	Other – <i>please state</i>				
Language	English not first language				
Pregnancy and Maternity	Women who are pregnant or have given birth in last 26 weeks				
Religion or Belief	People with a religious belief (or none)				

'Protected characteristic' group		Positive Impact	Explain how it could benefit the group	Negative Impact	Explain how it could disadvantage the group
Sex	Men				
	Women				
	Transsexual / gender reassignment				
Sexual Orientation	Lesbian, gay and bisexual				
Marriage and Civil Partnership	People who are single, married or in a civil partnership				

9. Could the policy, service or strategy discriminate⁶ against any 'protected characteristic', either directly or indirectly?

- No

The contractor will be under a duty not to discriminate against any of the protected characteristics. Steps will be taken in the selection process to ensure that it understands its responsibilities under Equality legislation. The performance of the contractor will be monitored.

10. If you have identified any negative impacts above, have you been able to minimise or remove them, and if so, how?

N/A

⁶ Direct discrimination occurs when a person is treated less favourably than another in a comparable situation because of their 'protected characteristic' whether on grounds of age, disability, pregnancy and maternity, ethnicity; religion or belief; sex (gender), sexual orientation, or Marriage and Civil Partnership. Indirect discrimination occurs when an apparently neutral provision or practice would nevertheless disadvantage people on the grounds of their 'protected characteristic' unless the practice can be objectively justified by a legitimate aim.

Summary and findings of Initial Equality Impact Assessment – screening stage

11. Please put a tick in the relevant box to confirm your findings, and what the next step is:

Findings	Action required
No likely negative impacts have been identified and this has been justified with reference to consultation, data or information. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Sign off screening and finish.
Likely negative impacts have been identified but have been minimised or removed. <input type="checkbox"/>	Sign off screening and finish.
Likely negative impacts were identified but have not been minimised or removed. <input type="checkbox"/>	Sign off screening and complete a full impact assessment – Section 2.
There is insufficient evidence to make a judgement. <input type="checkbox"/>	Sign off screening and complete a full impact assessment – Section 2.

12. Name and job title of person completing this form:

- Cheryl Pashley

13. Date of completion:

- May 2012

14. Date for update or review of this screening:

- N/A